RICHMOND. VA., SAFURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1892.

FORMALLY DEDICATED

THE WORLD'S PAIR BUILDING.

Thousands in the Procession-Interesting Exercises-The Speakers and the Speeches-Observations Elsewhere.

Chicago, Oct. 21 .- The empty structures of the World's Columbian Exposition were dedicated to-day to the purposes for which they have been designed by the people of the greatest and grandest and noblest republic that has ever existed on the face of God's earth. This is the nation's day. Patriotism, the safety-valve of people enlightened and determined to be free, had full vent. Cannon boomed at daybreak, startling the tired million or two from their slumbers and serving notices that the doings of yesterday were but a thing that is past, and that the crowning event of the occasion was yet to come. If the turnout of yesterday was rightly designated as a that of to-day was something city were like those of yesterday, had barely dawned when the boulem the Auditorium southward to Park, a distance of over seven niles, was jammed with sight-seers, though the entire population of Windy City, reinforced by its visitors from far and near, was on the streets by the lake front and Jackson Park.

THE PROCESSION. Soon after 7 o'clock those who were to participate in the procession began to mass themselves in the vicinity of the Auditorium, while vehicles were massed in columns of four on the outside of the hostelry, on Washburn avenue. Little time was occupied in assigning the distinguished visitors to their respective places in the parade, and a few minutes after 9 o'clock the order was given for the head of the column to move on its march to the dedicatory grounds, in Jackson Park. Vice-President Morton Jackson Park. Vice-President Morton was accompanied by President Palmer, of the national committee, and President Higginbotham, of the directors, followed by members of the Cabinet, justices of the supreme court, the governors of all the States, the diplomatic corps, members of Congress and other distinguished

visitors. lady managers and alternates had a division to themselves, and the display of briliant toilets and millinery was one of the features of the parade to the fair sex among the spectators. The lady man-agers included Mrs. Hardle Donly Hundley, Mrs. Annie M. Frosdick, Miss Sallie Talula Smith, Mrs. Louise Worth, of Alabama; Mrs. Mary Bell, Miss Nellie Beck, Mrs. Reed and Mrs. Ingram, of Florida; Mesdames Felton, Oistead, McLews, La-mar and Miss Cornelia Jackson, of Georgia; Mesdames Kidder and Price, Misses Salite Scotten and Virginia De-vine, of North Carolina; Misses Brayton, Thomson and Perry, of South Carolina; Mesdames Wise and Paul and Miss Har-ris, of Virginia; Mesdames Lynch and Black and Misses Jackson and Onahan, of West Virginia.

THE BEVIEW. At Washington Park a brief halt was made while the United States troops and the visiting militia deployed before the Vice-Presidential carriage. The United soldiers, numbering some 4,009, commanded by Brigadier-General States soldiers, Carr. In the front rank was the Seventh cavalry, General Custer's regiment. A proach of the carriage occupied by the Vice-President, and after the review, v hich was considerably curtailed from the original programme, the troops took up a position at the head of the line and the procession moved again to the Exposition grounds, entering in the rear of the women's building. Here the military, of whom there were some 15,000, left the main line proper and the guests proceeded to the transportation building, where a hurried lunch was served. When the inner man had been appeased the line of march was resumed to the building of manufactures and liberal arts. Here seats had been provided upon the floor for 100,000 participants. Every chair was occupied, and an immense crowd-esti-mated at from 10,000 to 15,000-was fain to

be content with standing room.

Vice-President Morton war seated directly in front, with President Paimer on his right, President Higginbotham on his left and Cardinal Gibbons, Bishop Ireland, Bishop Fowler, Mayor Wash-burne, Henry Watterson, Chauncey M. Depew eccupying seats on either side. To the east and west upon the same platform were seated the members of the Cabinet, the diplomatic corps, the judges of the Supreme Court, governors of the States and other distinguished guests. On the platform were representatives of every country on the civilized globe.

Without waiting for a signal the orchestra broke forth with the opening strains of the "Columbia March." arousing the audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm. THE EXERCISES.

As the strains of the music died away Bishop Flower, of California, one of the most eminent divines of the Methodist Church, arose in his place and gave thanks to the Almighty for what had already been accomplished, and be-sought the blessings of the Great Ruler of All upon what remained to be done. A hundred and fifty thousand throats voiced a reverent amen as the Bishop re-

sumed his seat.

The task of making the formal announcement that the work of preparing the buildings and grounds had been cambridge of the control of the co pleted was assigned to George E. Davis director-general, who was received with a burst of applause that went up to roof of the structure and reverberated as from the firing of cannon in the distance. The director-general then delivered an in-

A hearty welcome was extended in behalf of the citizens of Chicago by Mayor Washburne. The remarks of the Mayor evoked unbounded enthusiasm.

Chivalry dictated a warm reception to Mrs. Sarah C. Lemoyne, who read a por-tion of the "Columbian Ode" written by Miss Harriet Monroe. The reading was interspersed with choral selections of the ode by the chorus of 5,000 voices.

Mrs. Potter Palmer made a brief address on the work of the board of lady managers, and President Higginbotham tendered the buildings on behalf of the Exposition to President Palmer, of the Columbian committee. President Palmer responded in an elo-

quent speech, A round of applause greeted the conclusion of his address, and enthusiasm grew into a tumult when Vice-President Morton was introduced to dedicate the buildings in behalf of the United States.

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON'S SPEECH. Mr. Morton said: Mr. President-Deep, indeed, must be the sorrow which pro-hibits the President of the United States from being the central figure in these ceremonies. The name of Chicago has be come familiar with the speech of all civcommunities. Bureaus are established at many points in Europe for the purpose of providing transportation hither, and during the coming year the first place suggested to the mind when men talk of America will be the city of Chi-

I am not here to recount the wonderful story of this city's rise and advancement of the matchless courage of her people, or her second birth out of the ashes of the most notable conflagration of modern times, nor of the eminent position she

has conquered in commerce, in manifact-ure, in science and in the arts. These are known of all men who keep pace with the world's progress. I am here in behalf of the Government of the United States, in behalf of all the people, to bid all hall to Chicago, all hall to the Columbian Expo-sition

Reviewing the career of Columbus, and paying a high tribute to his character and achievements, Vice-President Morton con-cluded as follows:

Mr. President, in the name of the Government of the United States, I hereby dedicate these buildings and their ap-purtenances, intended by the Congress of the United States for the use of the World's Columbian Exposition, to the world's progress in art, in science, in agriculture and in manufactures. I dedi-

ate them to humanity.
God save the United States of America. The conclusion of the address was the signal for loud and long continued ap-plause, and when the Vice-President stepped forward to bow his thanks, men and women rose and gave him a salvo of applause.

good old-fashiened reception of cordiality was extended to Henry Watterson when he came to the front of the stage

to deliver an address.

Mr. Watterson paid a high tribute to
Columbus and all the glorious achievements that followed, and dwelt upon the
true American polity and the American ldea of freedom. The Republic, he said, represents at last the letter of the spirit of the sublime Declaration. The fetters that bound her to the earth are burst asunder. The rags that degraded her beauty are cast aside. Like the enchanted princess in the legend, clad in spotless raiment, and wearing a crown of living light, she steps in the perfection of her maturity upon the scenes of this, the latest and proudest of her victories, to

Need I pursue the theme? This vast as-semblage speaks with a resonance and meaning which words can never reach. The fields that are blessed by the never failing waters of the Kennebec, and from the farms that sprinkle the valley of the Connecticut with mimic principalities more potent and lasting than the real; it speaks in the whirr of the mills of Pennsylvania, and in the ring of the woodcutters' axe from the forests of the Lake Peninsula; it speaks from the great plantations of the South and West, teeming with staples that insure us wealth and power and stability; yea, and from the mines and forests and quarries of Michigan and Wisconsin, of Alabama and Georgia, of Tennessee and Kentucky, far away to the regions of silver and gold, that have linked the Colorado and the Rio Grande in close embrace, and anni-hilated time and space between the At-lantic and the Pacific. It speaks, in one word, from the hearts of 70,000,000 of fearless, free-born men and women, and that one word is "Union."

There is no geography in American manhood; there is no section to Ameri-can fraternity. It needs but six weeks to change a Vermonter into a Texan, and there never has been a time when, upon the battle-field or frontier, Puritan and Cavalier were not convertible terms, having in the beginning a common origin, and so diffused and diluted on American soil as no longer to possess a local habitation or a nativity except in the national unit. The men who planted the signals of American civilization upon that sacred rock by Plymouth bay were Englishmen, and so were the men who struck the coast a little lower down, calling their haven of rest after the great re-publican commoner and founding by Hampton Roads a race of heroes and statesmen, the mention of whose names statesmen, the mention of whose names brings a thrill to every heart. The South claims Lincoln, the immortal, for its own; the North has no right to reject Stone-wall Jackson, the one typical Puritan soldier of the war, for its own, nor will it. The time is coming—is almost here— when hanging above many a mantel board in fair New England, glorifying many a cottage in the sunny South, shall be seen, bound together in everlasting love be seen, bound together in everlasting love and honor, two crossed ewords, carried to battle respectively by the grandfather who wore the blue and the grandfather who wore the gray. We have come here not so much to recall bygone sorrows and glories as to bask in the sunshine of present prosperity and happiness; to interchange patriotic greetings and indulge in good auguries, and, above all, to mee, upon the threshold the stranger within our gate, not as a foreigner, but as a guest and friend, for whom nothing that

we have is too good.

After extending a hearty welcome to all mankind Mr. Watterson, continuing,

At this moment in every part of the American Union the children are taking up the wondrous tale of the discovery. and from Boston to Galveston, from the little log school-house in the wilderness to the towering academy in the city and town, may be witnessed the unprecedented spectacle of a powerful nation captured by an army of Lilliputians: of embryo men and women, of toppling boys and girls, and tiny elves scarce big enough to lisp the numbers of the national anthem, scarce strong enough to lift the miniature flags that make of arid street and autumn wood an emblematic garden to gladden the sight and to glorify the Red. White and Blue. See

young barbarians all at play."
For better than these we have nothing to exhibit. They indeed, are our crown jewels; the truest though the inevitable offspring of our civilization and development, the representatives of a manhood vitalized and invigorated by care, of a womanhood elevated and inspired by liberty and education. bless the children and their mothers be with us now as ever, God in the rooftree's shade and God on the highway, God in the winds and waves and God in

When the eminent Kentuckian resumed his seat and the applause that greeted his peroration had subsided, the choir rendered the "Star Spangled Bauner" and "Hall Columbia," with orchestra ac-

MR. DEPEW SPEARS.

This incentive to a patriotic burst was not needed to serve as an introduction to the next speaker, for when the only Chauncey Depew stepped forward audience went into ecstacies and would not be quieted. Comparative silence at last restored, the eminent orator with a smile arose and delivered the oration of the day. It was a masterly effort, full worthy of the man, and was listened to by thousands in almost breathless silence

The oration was repeatedly punctuated with applause, and when it was conclud-ed three cheers were called for and responded to by all of those within hear-

After the chorus had rendered Beethoven's "In Praise of God." Cardinal Gib-bons arose and delivered a ferver sup-

After this there was more music. blessing was pronounced by Rev. Dr. A. P. McCook, of the First Presbyterian church of Philadelphia, and the assemblage dispersed.

THE DAY ELSEWHERE. Columbus Day Observed in Many Cities Throughout the Country.

Baltimore, Oct. 21.-This morning the churches held special services in honor of Columbus and the great gathering of of Columbus and the great gathering of dignitaries at the Episcopal convention joined in the universal observance. To-right a big torchiight procession with more than 30,000 men in line marched through the city bearing badges, banners and fireworks—all to honor Columbus.

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—Columbus day was generally observed in Philadelphia.

was generally observed in Philadelphia.
At noon a saiute of twenty-one guns was fired at League Island. Colonel McClure addressed 15,000 school children this morn-

ing in the Park Theatre, every public school in the city and vicinity celebrating. The exercises at the University of Pennsylvania included addresses by Hon. Charles Emory Smith and Professor John B. McMaster.

New York, Oct. 21.—The custom-house. Government offices hooks as a cohonest.

Government offices, banks, exchanges and the large majority of the wholesale firms observed the President's proclama-tion, making the day a legal holiday by closing their places of business. Lower Broadway and Wall street presented a deserted appearance.

MR. CLEVELAND IN BROOKLYN. Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 21.—The city of churches to-day had ex-President Cleveland to review their parade and witness the dedication of their handsome memo-rial arch at the plaza, adjoining Prospect Park. The celebration was a joint one. Columbus was honored by the biggest and most attractive parade Brook-lyn has ever seen, and the memory of soldiers and saliors who perished in the late war was honored by the dedication of a memorial arch. Bunting was pro-fusely used and business generally

The feature of the parade was the participation of 19,000 school children. Ex-President Cleveland occupied a seat on the reviewing stand, but took no part in the ceremonies. Five stands had been erected at the plaza, near the memorial arch. All were well filled, and fully 20,000 people stood in the open space. Rev. Dr. Talmage delivered the oration. The delication experies were concluded by dedication exercises were concluded by an address by the Rev. E. W. McCarthy,

D. D., and benediction by Dr. Hendreds. At noon a salute was fired at the navyyard in honor of the day. There was a grand display of fireworks this evening on the bluff at the reservoir overlooking the platform, and an interesting programme of music and oratory at the Academy of Music.

Pittsburg, Oct. 21.-This vicinity to-day celebrated the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America. From every direction people early flocked into the city, and by 11 o'clock the streets were a mass of humanity. The line of parade contained fully 25,000 people, requiring nearly five hours to pass in re-

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 21.-Perfect weather attended the Columbian celebration in this city to-day. Every public building in the city and most of th residences were tastefully festoon d with national colors. Along the line of the great parade the streets were packed with tens of thousands of on-lookers. Trains from all over the State brought visitors by the thousands. The parade was participated in by not less then 15,-000 people, consisting of civic and mili-tary bodies.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 21.—The day was celebrated here by a parade this evening of civic and religious societies. Nearly 10,000 men were in line. A large labor mass-meeting was held this evening. St. Louis, Oct. 21.—Columbus day was appropriately observed, and the parade

this evening was of an imposing character. The morning hours were devoted to the celebration of the discovery of Amer-ica in all the public schools. This evening the various Italian societies gave a grand

Cincinnati, Oct. 21 .-- Columbus day was Cincinnati, Oct. 21.—Columbus day was celebrated this afternoon by a grand civic parade. Almost every building in the business portion of the city was gally decorated. At noon the ceremonies in connection with the celebration began with devotional exercises at St. Peter's connection because the connection with the celebration began with devotional exercises at St. Peter's property because the crew here. cathedral by Columbus and his crew be fore their departure from Palos for the Western World. It is estimated that 30,-000 people were in line of the parade

MRS. HARRISON'S CONDITION.

Washington, Oct. 21 .- Mrs. Harrison is gradually growing worse. How long she will survive is almost too uncertain for Her physician, though venturing the opinion that she may possibly live for several weeks, would not be surprised if the end should come within a With the anniversary of he marriage came the change for the worse. Last night Dr. Gardner saw that his patient had gone another step nearer the dark valley, but he managed to make her comfortable for the time being. It was obvious to the watchers about the bedside that she was much weaker, and it would have been plain, even to unpraceyes, that the patient was in a

eritical condition.

When Dr. Gardner called at the White House at 8 o'clock this morning he saw that what little hope he had for im-provement had vanished. His examina-tion showed that the temperature of the invalid was much higher than it been for some time. Her respiration had also increased to an alarming extent, and all the signs indicated that Mrs. Harrison was growing worse. The progress towards the critical point had been gradual, but it had been sure, and each step nearer the end, once taken, was not re-

The most alarming symptom that confronted Dr. Gardner this morning was the extremely weak condition of the invalid. So weak was she that the physician decided that any attempt to move her would be dangerous, and he accord her would be dangerous, and he accordingly issued directions that she should not be lifted from the bed under any circumstances. Such a removal might bring on a stoppage of the heart's action from shock or a fit of coughing that would prove fatal. An idea of how narrow is the thread by which the sufferer holds to life can be gained when it is under stood that she is obliged to recline all the time on her back or partly on her right side, for with the right lung gone and the left lung being consumed rapidly by the disease, great danger would at

tend lying in any other position.

Through all her illness Mrs Harrison has displayed a most wonderful vitality how wonderful only those know who have witnessed her sufferings.

Combined with the terrible disease which is gradually sapping away her life is the aftermath of nervous prostration and these are further complicated by the constant danger of a gathering of watery matter in the cavity of the pleura. Fallure to remove this fluid would mean death, for its accumulation or reproduction, to use the medical term, threatens to "bring abnormal pressure to bear on the heart, with stoppage of its action quickly following," or else to fill the lungs and smother the patient. Three operations were necessary during the week before the removal of Mrs. Harrison from Loon Lake, to prevent a fatal termination from the reproduction of the fluid, but since her return to Washing-ton the accumulation has not thus far been sufficient to cause great alarm-

LATER-BETTER NEWS. Washington, Oct. 22.-1:30 A. M anxiety in the capital as to Mrs. Harrison's illness was increased this evening by the constant receipt of telegrams from other cities stating that reports of her death were in circulation. These rumors were, of course, groundless, but they gave rise to many unnecessary inquiries at the White House, and caused annoy-ance to the grieved household. The ac-tual facts are that up to midnight Mrs. Harrison was easier and better, rather than worse. At 19 o'clock this evening, after visiting Mrs. Harrison, Dr. Gard-ner said that her condition was slightly improved, so much so that anxiety occasioned by the patient's condition to-day had to some extent been dispelled.

There has been no reason to change this favorable bulletin at a late hour when further inquiries were made.

Albany, N. Y. Oct. 21 .- The New York Synod has adopted the majority report of the judicial committee, that the Synod take no action in the Briggs case.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION

Adopt Several Canous in Reference Thereto. Minneapolis the Next Place of Meeting of the Body.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 21.-Special.-Both houses of the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church gathered in St. Paul's church this morning, where special services of prayer and thanksgiving were held. The Communion services were Prouts in F, and included the Kyrie, Sanctus, Nicene Creed and Gloria in Excelsis, under the direction of Professor William F. Whittingham. The hymns sung were Nos. 138, 519, 405 and 305. The officiating clergymen were Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota; Assistant Bishop Kinsolving, of Texas, Bisop Brewer, of Montana; and Rev. Dr. Gailor, of the University of the South.

When the House of Deputies convened Rev. Dr. Huntingdon, of New York, ris-ing to a question of personal privilege made a complete explanation of his course yesterday in offering a report from the committee on constitutional amendments which at the time was referred to as sharp practice. Dr. Huntingdon said the report he offered was not his own, but had been prepared by a prominent lay-men (Dr. Seth Low, president of Colum-bia College) and urged upon him a con-

The calendar was then taken up and a

number of measures disposed of.

At the afternoon session a lively de-bate occurred on the report of the committee on amendments to the constitu-tion that in order to make a change in the Prayer Book a two-thirds' vote of the delegates to the Convention was required. For this a substitute was offered requiring instead a vote of the majority of the dioceses. It seemed merely a question as to which was the more restrictive. The substitute was eventually

Upon the report of the committee on canons, the Deputies decided to non-con-cur in the message of the House of

CANONS ON MARBIAGE AND DIVORCE. This message stated that the following canons on marriage and divorce had been

adopted by the upper house.. Title 2, canon 13, section 1. If any persons be joined together otherwise than God's law doth allow their marriage is unlawful. (2) No minister shall solemnize the marrisge of any person under eighteen years of age, except the parent or guardian of such person shall be present or shall have given written consent to the marriage. (3) No minister shall solemnize a marriage except in the presence of at least two witnesses. (4) The re-

of at least two witnesses. (4) The record of such marriage, duly made as the canon provides, shall be signed by at least two witnesses and by the minister who solemnizes the marriage.

Section 3, (1) No minister, knowingly, after due inquiry, shall solemnize the marriage of any person who has a divorced husband or wife still living, if such husband or wife has been put away such husband or wife has been put away
for cause arising after marriage, but this
provision shall not be held to apply to
the innocent party in a divorce for the
cause of adultery or to parties once divorced seeking to be united again.
Section 4. If any minister of this
Church shall have reasonable cause to

doubt whether a person desirous of being admitted to holy baptism or to confirma-She is Gradually But Surely Growing | married otherwise than as the Word of God and discipline of this Church allo such minister, before receiving such per-son, shall refer the case to the bishop for his Godly judgment thereupon, which judgment shall be final.

Section 5. Questions touching the facts of any case arising under section 2 of this canon shall be referred to the bishop of the diocese or missionary jurisdiction in which the same may occur, or if there be no bishop of such diocess or missionary jurisdiction, then to some bishop to be designated by the standing committee, and the bishop to whom such questions shall have been referred shall ercupon make inquiry in such manner as he shall deem expedient, and shall de liver his judgment in the premises, which judgment shall be final.

THE PROVINCIAL SYSTEM.

Business was thereafter very quickly dispatched, propositions to which there dispatched, propositions to which there was little objection being passed, and those to which there was opposition being promptly laid on the table with little or no debate. The result of this was that for the first time the calendar was exhausted.

Dean Hoffman then presented the report of the joint committee on the pro-

vincial system.

The conference committee on the place of next meeting reported, recommending Minneapolis as the place for the next

meeting. The House being now tired of discussing this subject, concured in the report without debate.

The House of Bishops sent a message saying they had elected Francis A. Brooke, a presbyter of Kansas, missionary bishop of Indian Territory and Oklahoma.

All Saints' day of this year was ac-

cepted as the day for the ratification of

the Book of Standard Prayer.

Besides the appointment of Rev. Dr.

Brooke, announced in the House of Deputies, the upper house, sitting in council, also named Rev. L. H. Wells, of Tacoma bishop of the new missionary jurisdic-tion of Eastern Washington, which they called Spokane, the present bishop-Paddock-retaining charge of West Wash-ington, now called Olympia. Rev. S. R. J. Hoyt was apointed missionary bishop of China; Rev. Dr. T. A. Tidball, of Camden, N. Y., bishop of Yeddo, Japan Rev. Joseph H. Johnson, bishop of North Michigan; Rev. Dr. W. C. Gray, of Nashville, Tenn., bishop of South Florida; and Rev. W. A. Barker, of Duluth, bishop of West Colorado. These are all missionary

CREAM FOUND GUILTY.

No Appeal from the Verdict, and He Will B. Hanged.

turisdictions.

London, Oct. 21 .- The trial of Thomas McNeill Cream, otherwise known as Thomas Neill, for the murder of Matilda Clover by poisoning her with strych-nine, resulted to-day in a verdict of guilty of murder, as charged in the indictment. As, under English law, no ap-peal can be taken in criminal cases except to the Home Secretary, this settles Cream's fate. He will be hanged unless he cheats the gallows by suicide.

After the delivery of the verdict Jus-

tice Hawkins formally pronounced sen-tence of death upon the prisoner. According to the English law two full weeks must elapse between the sentence and the inflction of the death peralty. Nelli Cream appears to have been con-

fident of acquittal, and last night, after the arguments for and against him, he slept soundly for five hours.

When the court opened to-day Cream

showed no particular signs of anxiety up by Justice Hawkins, which was de He listened attentively to the summing

cidediy unfavorable to the defense.

The jury rendered their verdict promptly and appear to have had no hesitation as to the prisoner's guilt. In his charge Justice Hawkins pointed out the importance of the evidence given by the Government analysis. It Savonson show. ernment analysist—Dr. Stevenson—show-ing that the death of Matilda Clover was due to strychnine. If the jury believed this, the judge said, the jury should con-sider the deaths of the other three girlsMarshal, Shrivel and Donworth-and as to whether the facts shown tended to in-

culpate the prisoner.
The jury retired at 1:45. The tone of The jury retired at 1.3. The con-the charge evidently shook whatever con-fidence Neill had entertained. He grew manifestly anxious and watched the jury with close attention while casting fur-tive glances at the judge. The jury was absent fifteen minutes. When the jury returned and the verdict was announced

dently making a strong effort to subdue his feelings. his feelings.

Miss Sabatini, the young woman to whom Cream is engaged to be married, sobbed loud enough to be heard throughout the court-room.

the prisoner acted stolcally, although evi-

Justice Hawkins, in pronouncing sen-tence, dwelt in indignant terms upon the prisoner torturing to death young women who had never harmed him in any way. The judge then pronounced sentence of death in the usual form, the chaplain, standing near to the judge, responding

'Amen" in a solemn voice. Cream turned very pale while the judge was sentencing him. Sweat burst from his forehead and trickled down his face. He refrained, however, from speaking, and was removed to his cell without having uttered a word.

The court-room was thronged and the

deepest interest was displayed in the pro-

A Serious Railway Accident.

Ashland, Ky., Oct. 21.—The locomotive used for hauling the loaded coal jimmies from the mines, at Music, on the Ashland Coal and Iron railway, was bringing out a heavy train this morning, when the train separated and came together a few minutes later with disastrous results. Some ten or twelve men and boys that had worked on the "night turn" were riding out on the cars, and when the cars struck they were thrown between the struck they were thrown between the cars, a number falling under the wheels, receiving ugly and fatal injuries, in several cases. A young man named Hubbs was instantly killed, while five others are thought to be fatally hurt. None of the crowd escaped uninjured, and several were badly used up from the gas and smoke from the engine.

New York, Oct. 21.-It is now stated that Mr. James G. Blaine yesterday formally placed himself at the disposal of the Republican national committee. Mr. Blaine will probably make three speeches.

There was no abating of the activity

at both political headquarters to-day, notwithstanding the fact that the day was almost generally observed as a holi-

At the Victoria Hotel Mr. Cleveland rose early and dictated some letters in reply to those he had received. At 10 o'clock he left the hotel in a carriage and drove to Brocklyn in order to witness the Columbian parade in that city.

RICHMONDS AND UNIVERSITYS. A Good Foot-Ball Game, But the Results Are One-Sided.

There were nearly 400 people in the grounds of Island Park yesterday after-noon to see the foot-ball team from the University of North Carolina beat the Richmond College team to the tune of 40

It is only justice to the home team to mention the fact that they were entirely

mention the fact that they were entirely outclassed, the visitors being very much heavier men, as will be seen from the weights given below.

They played with vim and vigor, though, and made the Tar-Heels work for their victory. There were many ladies present. The colors of the University of North Carolina boys were white and blue, and of the Richmond College garnet and cream. Several of the fellow-students of cream. Several of the fellow-students of the North Carolina players came with them to Richmond, and will go on to Charlottesville with them, where they the team from the University of Virginia to-day. A great game is looked

It will be found on calculation that the average weight of the North Carolina team per man was 167 pounds, and of the home team per man was 159 pounds

UNIVERSI	TY OF NORTH CAROL	LINA TEAM.
Name.	Position.	Weight
Biggs	Right End	
Little	Right Tackle.	
Kirkpatrick	Right Guard.	23
Murphy	Centre Rush.	19
Snipes	Left Guard	
Righ	Left Tackle.	16
	Left End	
	Quarter Back	
	Right Half	
	Left Half	
Hoke	Full Back (ca	ptain)14

Name.	Position.	Weight
Lloyd	Right End	
Lallade	Right Tackle	16
Hoover	Right Guard	
Clement	Centre Rush	180
Britt	Left Guard	16
Detrick	Left Tackle	16
Bosher	Left End	
Burnett	Quarter Back	
Rucker	Right Half	
Hazen	Left Half (cap)	tain)15
	Full Back	
	persity of North (

RICHMOND COLLEGE TEAM.

stitutes were: Wootten, 176 pounds; Mer-ritt, 165 pounds; Guion, 178 pounds; Bar-nard, 155 pounds, and Baskerville, 153 The Richmond College substitutes were

Harris, 137 pounds; Winston, 132 pounds, and Turner, 134 pounds.

Mr. Allen Potts was the umpire, and Mr. Kirkwood Mitchell the referee.

THE GAME.

The game was called at 3:40, and the North Carolina team had the ball, and with their V line gained five yards. Devin made a touch down, and Shaw kicked goal, scoring 6.
Richmond College had the ball in the

centre field, and Biggs dropped on the ball after it was touched by the centre rush's foot. Stanley made a touch down, and Shaw kicked goal, scoring 12, total. Richmond College kicked the ball from the centre, and Full Back Hoke returned it, and Biggs dropped on the ball after it was touched by the College men. Hoke made a touch down, Shaw kicked goal. Score now 18 for the North Carolina boys. Richmond Collage had the ball in centre field, Hoke made a touch down. Barnard missed goal, making the score 2. Again the College boys had the ball in the centre field. Stanley made a touch down. Barnard kicked goal, adding 6 to the score for the visitors, a total of 28. Hoke made a touch down. Barnard kicked goal, making the score at end of first half 34 for the North Carolina team.

. SECOND HALF.

second half was agreed to be limited to ten minutes. It was short and sweet, for when it opened the home team had the ball. Devin made a touch down and Barnard kicked goal. Six more for the visitors, making the score 40 to 0 in favor of the University of North Caro-

Especial objects of remark were the pleasant and good-natured way in which the game was played and the satisfaction of both teams with the umpire and referee.
The Mu Sigma Rho Society of Rich-

mond College had made arrangements to entertain the visitors last night, but in view of the engagement of the latter to play the 'Varsitys to-day they decided not to run any chances of not being in good shape for the game. It is to be regretted that the good feeling and fair play of yesterday's game do not always prevail. Clement, of the Richmond boys, prevail. Clement, of the Richmond boys did great work at centre, holding his 210 pound opponent.

Mrs. W. B. Richardson, Miss Estelle Bray and Mr. V. L. Bray, of West Point, are visiting Miss Alma Brown, of No. 508 south Laurel street.

VERY BADLY BEATEN.

WORST DEFEAT OF THE SERIES.

Boston Wins Over Cleveland by a Score of 4 to 0-Results of the Turf-Rusning, Trotting and Other Bac

Boston, Oct. 21.-To-day Boston gave Cleveland the worst defeat of the series. Boston's magnificent fielding and Nichels' supreme pitching at critical points kept Cleveland from secring. The score:

THE TUBE.

Results of the Russing and Tretting

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—The fall meeting at Belmont Driving Park ended to-day. Peddler won the pufinished 2:27 trot. and Amelia, a two-year-old, captured the 2:33 pace handily. The latter was laid up in the second heat, after going the first mile AT MASHVILLE.

Nashville, Oct. 21.—There was a crowd of 12,000 people at Cumberland Park to-day. Hal Pointer went against his record of 2:04½, but 2:05½ was best he could do to-day. The Consolation stake, \$1,500, went to Henrico, he winning the second, third and fifth heats. Best time, 2:19. In the 2:21 trot, purse \$1,000, Greenleaf won in three straight heats. Best time, 2:14.

The Running Races.

AT BENNINGS. Washington, Oct. 21.—The races at Bennings resulted as follows:
First race, four and one-half furlongs—Knick Knack first, May Lose second, Nap-

tha third. Time, 56½.

Second race, five-eighths of a mile—Wslcott first, Sirrocco second, Captain Wagner
third. Time, 1:01¾.

Third race, three-fourths of a mile—
Chiswick first, Lizzetta second, Tormentor

third. Time, 1:14%.
Fourth race, mile and three-sixteenth Diablo first, Cynosure second, Sir Walter Raleigh third. Time, 2:02%. Fifth race, one mile—Lowlander first, Nockbarren second, Emin Bey third. Time,

GUTTENBURG.

GUTTENBURG,
One mile—Bess McDuff first, John Winkle second, Freezer third. Time, 1:46.
Second race, three-fourths of a mile—Stowaway first, Vespasian second, Rear Guard third. Time, 1:16:4.
Third race, five-eighths of a mile—Bob Sutherland first, McKeever second, Bolivar, third. Time, 1:02%.

third. Time, 1:02%.
Fourth race, one mile-Logan first, Kirkover second, Rico third. Time, 1:43%.

Fifth race, six and one-half furlongs—
Foxford first, Jack Rose second, Rambler

Sixth race, seven-eighths of a mile—Adventurer first, Viclet second, Radiant third. Time, 1:31%. GLOUCESTER. Gloucester, Oct. 21.—First race, four and one-half furlongs—Jack of Diamonds first, Little Phil second, Persuader third. Time,

Second race, three-fourths of a mile-Wilson Taylor first, Clinkum Bell second,

Lerraine third. Time, 1:1942.

Third race, seven-eighths of a mile—King Alta first, Leveller second, Surplus third. Time, 1:314.

Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth—Pocatello first, Parling second, Sandstone third. Time, 1:541/2.
Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile-Fla-

villa first, Silence second, Jim Dunn third. Time, 1:03.
Sixth race, four and one-half furlor Genevieve first, Mary D. second, Kilkenny

third. Time, 571/2. Is it an Honest Failure ?

New York, Oct. 21.—Its now believed the liabilities of C. Burkhalter & Co., will reach over \$700,000, with preferences for \$183,167. Assignee Fancher was busy arranging the accounts. He declared to a reporter of the United Press to-day a reporter of the United that the had no doubt but what the failure

was an honest one. O'Delia Dis Debar Arrested. Quincy, Ills., Oct. 21.-Ann O'Delia dis Debar, the noted spiritualist, was arrested here to-day on complaint of a woman at Eigin, Ills., for defrauding

her out of \$1,000.

Democratic Drummers. The meeting last night of the Commercial Travelers' Democratic Club was largely attended and much work was done.

It was decided to participate with the Old Dominion Club in their rally Monday

night at Old Market Hall.

The club is corresponding with several great speakers, and expect to have a great demonstration on the night before election.

Members of all Democratic clubs are invited to make the Drummers' headquarters
their home, and all visiting Democrats

wili be cardially welcomed.

The membership of this club is now nearly 200. Handsome uniforms have been ordered, but will not be secured in time for

the Monday night rally.

The next meeting of the club will be Wednesday night at 8 o'clock, and thereafter there will be meetings Tuesday and Friday nights of each week until election day.

Chess Tournament.

The score of the Virginia chess tourns ment stands: Meyer has won six games and lost one

game. London has won five games, lost six games and drawn one game. Blankenship has wen two games and lost nine games.

orman has won twelve games and lost two games. Smith has won four games and lost t

Ross has won three games and lost nine Latham has won six games and lost eight

Pendleton has won nine games, lost two games and drawn one game.

A New Gavel.

The Thurman Democratic Club had an interesting meeting at their club-rooms, at McDonough's Hall, last evening. The club was presented with a handsome gavel by one of its members, Mr. Henry Koss, which was accepted by the president, Mr. Beverly T. Crump, in a neat and appropriate speech. The club decided to invite State Senator The club decided to invite class them on J. W. G. Blackstone to address them on Friday night, October 28th. This club will produce the club will be assumed to the old Doattend the mass-meeting of the Old Do-minion Club in a body with bandanas their insignia.

Miss Luia Spiller, a yeathful Times cor-respondent from Goochland county, sends the following communication on "Birds and Hares." it is given verbatim, and her age may be judged by the nature of the com-

may be judged by the nature of the com-position. She says:

"Hilas kills Birds very near every day Harvie went Hunting last Satiday week and kild two hares and He went again the last Sadiday hares are very yousefull they are right cean (keen) hares makes tracks

The committee on demonstration of the Powhatan Club and the sub-committees met last night prior to the meeting of the club. The demonstration will be at the Theatre on the might of the dist instant. It is not yet definitely ascertained who the speakers will be. The club disposed of much routine work. It will parade on the night of the 31st, escorting the speakers to the Theatre, and will occupy seats on the stage, each member wearing a badge.